# Small Scale Solutions for your Farm

Managing Manure Nutrients - East

### Do You Have Problems with:

- Rising fertilizer costs
- Low fertility soils
- Poor soil tilth (workability)
- Manure storage and handling on the farm

Manure is rich in nutrients that crops use, just like the nutrients in fertilizers that you buy. Managing nutrients in manure means taking advantage of the nutrients so you buy less fertilizer and improve soil and water quality.

## Purposes and Benefits of Managing Manure Nutrients

- Purchase less fertilizer
- Add organic matter to soil
- Improve soil quality
- Improve water quality
- Improve crop production
- Manure contains micronutrients needed by crops that typical fertilizer does not provide
- Manure can reduce soil erosion by improving soil quality
- Turns manure into an asset
- Saves crop input costs to make the farm operation more profitable
- Potential for higher quality crops





If manure is not being used for crop nutrients, then it is wasted money.



## What Is Needed to Manage Manure for Nutrient Value?

- Minimum of one soil test for each field
- Analysis of each type of manure and storage facility
- Crop yield goals
- Crop rotation for each field
- Manure spreader calibrated to apply the desire tons/acre.

## How to Maintain Your Manure and Nutrient Management Plan

- Soil test each field every 3 to 5 years
- Analyze the manure annually for nutrient content
- Keep records of crop yields and the amount of manure and other nutrients applied
- Evaluate crop and soil response and revise the plan as needed

## **Associated Costs**

- Generally no cost for manure
- Cost to transport and apply the manure—a few dollars more
- Soil tests—\$7 to \$10 per 20 acres
- Manure analysis—\$25 to \$50 per year



Spreading manure is like spreading chemical fertilizer. It contains (N) nitrogen, Phosphate  $(P_2O_5)$ , and  $(K_2O)$ , just like purchased fertilizer it just looks and smells different.



## **General Value of the Manure per Ton**

Type of Manure	N Value	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> Value	K <sub>2</sub> O Value	Fertilizer Value
Dairy	\$.60	\$.57	\$1.32	\$2.49
Swine	\$1.35	\$2.37	\$1.35	\$5.07
Poultry	\$6.00	\$13.50	\$8.40	\$27.90

Assumes: N = \$.30/lb;  $P_2O_5$  = \$.30/lb;  $K_2O$  = \$.21/lb Pack Type Manure (with Straw Bedding)

Manure application is calibrated by measuring the weight of manure applied over a measured area. In this case a 10ftX10ft. tarp is used to catch manure which is then weighed to determine tons/acre.

## **General Nutrient Levels in Manure per Ton**

Type of Manure	N Lb/Ton	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> Lb/Ton	K <sub>2</sub> O Lb/Ton	
Dairy	2	1.9	6.3	
Swine	6.4	7.9	6.4	
Poultry	20	45	40	
Pack Type Manure (with Straw Bedding)				





## **Case Study**

Example Nutrient Application for Field #3 and for Year #1						
			Nutrient Recommendations / Application			
Field ID	Acre	Crop	Yield	N	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K₂O
			Goal/Acre	Lb/Acre	Lb/Acre	Lb/Acre
Field 3	9.7	Grass Hay	4 ton/ac	100 (Rec)	60 (Rec)	225 (Rec)
12 Ton	Beef Lot Man	ure Applied Jul - Yr 1		22	56	85
231	lbs/ac 0-0-60	Applied Apr - Yr 1	0 0		139	
175 lb	s/ac 46-0-0 A	pplied in April - Yr 1		81	0	0
7	Fotal Nutrients	Nutrients Applied - Yr 1		103	56	224
	Balance After Rec's - Yr 1			+3	-4	-1

The manure applied:

- About 20% of the needed Nitrogen
- Almost all of the P,O,
- About 37% of the K<sub>2</sub>O
- The value of the manure in this case was \$41.25 per acre.
- This means the manure can replace about \$400 in fertilizer costs for Field #3.

## **Crop Yields**

Corn Grain	Year 1				
Oats	2			Field 1 Crops 9.3	
Hay	3				
Нау	4				
Oats	Year 1				
Hay	2			Field 2 Crops 9.7	
Hay	3				
Corn Grain	4				
Hay	Year 1				
Hay	2			Field 3 Crops 9.7	
Corn Grain	3				
Oats	4				
		Hay	Year 1	Field 4 Crops 7.5	
Farm HQ's 3.2		Corn Grain	2	Field 4 Crops 7.5	
		Oats	3		
		Hay	4		





## **Technical and Financial Help Is Available**

Whether you measure your farm in terms of feet or acres, your local Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) office has experienced conservationists that can help you develop a Conservation Plan to conserve, maintain, and restore the natural resources on your land and improve the long-term health of your operation.

There is no charge for our assistance. Simply contact your local office to set up an appointment. You may also be eligible to receive financial assistance. Your NRCS office will explain any programs that are available so you can make the best decision for your operation. All NRCS programs and services are voluntary.

### For More Information

Visit the Natural Resources Conservation Service or visit farmers.gov/service-locator to find your local NRCS office. You can also check with your local USDA Service Center, then make an appointment to determine next steps for your conservation goals.

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NRCS conservationist assisting small scale farmer with developing a customized conservation plan.